CHAPTER 21.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

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ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

40-21-1. Authority of revenue department.
It shall be the duty of the Department of Revenue to assess for taxation all property of all railroad companies, street and suburban railroad companies or persons or companies operating railroad or street railroads, or suburban railroads or sleeping cars in this state; all express companies, including railroad companies doing an express business and all telephone and long distance telephone and all telegraph companies, person or persons doing an express, telephone or telegraph business; all persons, firms, or corporations doing a gas business, transporting gas or furnishing gas, natural, manufactured or by-product, in or through pipes or in drums, tubes, cylinders, or by any other method; all water, electric light or power, hydroelectric power companies, steam heat, refrigerated air, dockage or cranage, toll roads, toll ferries, railroad equipment, pipelines for transporting or furnishing natural, manufactured, or by-product gas, water, oil, gasoline, or other commodities of commerce, and the property of all public service or public utility corporations, and all property not required by law to be listed for taxation with the county tax assessor; and the owner, president, general manager, agent, trustee, receiver, or other person or persons having control of the company’s affairs in this state shall make returns of all property of said company located in this state to the Department of Revenue.

Between January 1 and March 1 in each year, every company, corporation, association, and individual embraced within the provisions of Section 40-21-1, or coming otherwise within its scope and intent, shall make out and deliver to the Department of Revenue of Alabama a statement containing the information hereinafter prescribed, which statement shall be duly verified by the affidavit of one of the officers of the company, corporation or association or by the individual in whose behalf it is made.

Every person, firm, or corporation whose property is required by this title to be assessed for taxation by the Department of Revenue and not herein otherwise specifically required to make reports to the said department shall, on or before March 1 of each year, make a report of all its property of every nature and character whatsoever and such other and further information upon such forms and in such manner as may be required by the Department of Revenue.
40-21-4. Report; contents.
Each such report shall show the following items and particulars as the same stood on
the next preceding October 1, together with any other facts or information that may be
called for by said Department of Revenue:
(1) The name and principal place of business of the company, corporation, association,
or individual in whose behalf the statement is made and the character of the business
engaged in;
(2) If a company, association or corporation, the state, or government under the laws of
which it was incorporated or authorized to do business, the date of original
organization, the date of reorganization, consolidation, or merger and the purpose of its
incorporation as expressed in its charter or articles of association;
(3) The place where all books, papers, and accounts are kept, and the names and
post-office addresses of the president, secretary, treasurer, superintendent, general
manager, general counsel, directors, and all other general officers thereof;
(4) The location of its principal office, the total amount and any kind of business done
by it in this state and the total gross receipts derived from its business in this state,
including a due proportion of its interstate business, if it has done any business of that
character, and its total gross receipts from business done everywhere;
(5) Its total authorized capital stock showing the number of shares of common stock
authorized, issued, and outstanding in the hands of the public and in the company's
treasury, separate from its preferred stock, and the par or face value of each of such
shares;
(6) Its total authorized preferred stock, showing each issue separately and setting out
each issue to show the number of shares authorized, issued, and outstanding in the
hands of the public and in the company treasury and the rate of interest each issue
bears;
(7) The par value and the market or actual value of each issue of common stock and
the dividends paid and the par value and market or actual value of each issue
separately of preferred stock and interest paid on each issue. If the common or
preferred stock is issued without par value, then the number of shares authorized,
issued, and outstanding in the hands of the public and in the company treasury must be
shown giving the number of shares of each class separately and showing the amount
received for the common stock and the market or actual value thereof, and the amount
received for each issue of preferred stock and the market or actual value of each such
issue and in addition thereto must be shown for each of the issues separately the
average market or actual value during the next preceding 12 months. If 25 percent or
more of the common stock is held by any one person, firm, or corporation, the number
of shares, name, address, relation, and percent of control of the person, firm, or
corporation holding such stock must be given. If 25 percent or more of the total number
of shares of the several issues of preferred stock is held by one person, firm, or
corporation, the number of shares, name, address, and relation of the person, firm, or
corporation holding such stock must be given;
(8) A statement of each and every lien, mortgage, and other charge upon the whole or
any part of the property of said company, corporation, or association, or individual, and
a detailed statement of all series of bonds, debentures, and other securities forming a
part of its funded debt, with date of issue, maturity, and rate of interest, together with a
statement of the property encumbered or charged thereby, and of the total amount of
unpaid debts secured by each mortgage, lien, or charge, and of the interest charged
thereon, and to what extent interest has been paid, and the true and fair value of every
such debt. A statement of the gross income and earnings for the preceding fiscal year
of the person, firm, corporation, or association, including therein all interests on
investments and all rents, profits, revenues, and receipts from every source
whatevver, and a statement of the income used for repairs and for betterments and
the amount used for extension in this state; the amount of income paid in dividends on
common stock and amount paid as interest specifying the amount of interest paid on
each issue of preferred stock and upon each issue of bonds, or other forms of
indebtedness, the amount set aside for depreciation, for obsolescence, for retirements,
and the amount passed to surplus;
(9) A statement of the expense for the preceding fiscal year of the person, firm,
corporation, or association, giving in detail the expense or other information of the
different units, departments or subdivisions, taxes paid, itemized according to
assessments, levies, or charges by the state, its counties, municipal corporations,
school districts, or other taxing districts and to other states and to the federal
government, on forms furnished by or in the manner required by the department;
(10) If a person, firm, or corporation by this title required to make return to the
Department of Revenue keeps its records on a calendar year basis or on a fiscal year
basis other than from October 1 to September 30, it may make return of its financial
matters required by this title on the basis of the calendar year or on the basis of its
fiscal year that ends nearest to October 1, stating in each case the period covered; and
(11) If the person, firm, or corporation does business in other states, then, in addition to
the items called for in this chapter with respect to this state, the same items shall also
be shown for the business or system as a whole. If any item called for in this section is
prorated or allocated to this state, the reason for such proration or allocation and the
method so used shall be given.

40-21-5. Report; acting utility services.
Whenever any person or association of persons, not being a corporation and having no
capital stock, shall engage in this state in any character of business embraced within
the provisions of this chapter, the capital and property, or the certificate or other
evidence of the rights or interest of the person engaged in such business shall be
deemed and treated as the capital stock of such persons or association of persons for
the purpose of taxation and for all purposes under this title and shall be estimated and
valued, and the intangible property values thereof, when ascertained, shall be
apportioned and distributed and assessed and taxed under the provisions hereof in like
manner as if such person or association of persons were a corporation, and each such
person or association of persons shall annually, within the time and the manner
provided in this chapter, make the statements and reports and give the information
required by this chapter of the aforesaid corporations, companies and associations and
shall be subject to all the penalties and to all the terms and provisions of this chapter.
40-21-6. Valuation; factors.
Insofar as the other evidence and information adduced before said department does not make it appear to said department improper or unjust for it to do so, the said department shall, in fixing the true value of the entire property, tangible and intangible, of any company, corporation, association or individual embraced within the provisions of this title, consider as a factor the average net earnings, averaged over a period of five years, and also take as a basis therefor the aggregate average market value or true value for the preceding year of all its shares of stock and add thereto the average market or true value for the preceding year of its entire indebtedness secured by any mortgage, lien or other charge upon its property and assets, and the sum or sums so produced shall be treated and considered a factor in ascertaining the true value of said entire property, tangible and intangible, for purpose of ad valorem taxation. The department may likewise consider the value of the individual units and items of property and the sum of the values of such units or items.

On or before March 1 of each year, the president, secretary, or auditor of any railroad company whose track or roadbed or any part thereof is in this state or, if such railroad is in the hands of a receiver or trustee, such receiver or trustee shall, under oath, make to the department of revenue a return in writing of the total length of such railroad, including the right-of-way, roadbed, side tracks and main tracks in this state, specifying the total length in this state and in each county, city or incorporated town, school district, or other tax district in this state in which a special school tax or other tax is levied; and also of the number of locomotive engines or other units of motive power, and passenger, freight, construction, and other cars of such company for the entire system and the number of each allocated to this state, stating the method used in so allocating, and the location and a description of all other property owned by such company in the State of Alabama, and of the average amount of merchandise and supplies kept or carried on trains for sale or other disposition for profit by such companies to employees or other persons in this state for the year next preceding the return.

40-21-8. Telecommunications; lines in state.
The president, secretary, auditor, or managing agent in this state of every telegraph or telephone company, whose line or any part thereof is located within this state, must annually, on or before March 1 of each year, make under oath to the Department of Revenue a return, in such reasonable detail as may be prescribed by such department, on all the property belonging to such company in this state and connected with the business, specifying the several counties in which such property is situated and the items of property situated in each of such counties, towns and school districts.
40-21-9. Telephone and electric companies; rights of way, lines in state.
Every electric power, hydroelectric power, every telegraph, telephone, or long distance telephone company shall include in each return made by it the following particulars:
(1) The number of miles of right-of-way in the state belonging to such company and the number of miles of right-of-way along public roads or on government land or on or along the streets of incorporated cities and towns used by such company, showing the number of miles of each class separately and by what authority such use is granted;
(2) The total length of all transmission lines or telephone or telegraph lines, stated by the number of miles of poles and the number of miles of towers, whether poles are treated or untreated, and description of towers as to size and height, the number of miles of wire, of each material constructed, stated according to the number of miles of each class and size of wire, the number of miles of conduit or of cable, stated according to the number of pairs of wire or other capacity, and the voltage capacity of each electric transmission line shall be stated;
(3) The total length of all lines of said company, whether within or outside of the state; and
(4) The total length of so much of said lines as are within this state and the length of its lines in each of the counties, cities, towns, school districts, or other tax districts of this state into or through which its lines extend, stated according to the number of miles of towers, the number of miles of poles, the number of miles of each class of wire, and the number of miles of each size of conduit or cable. Electric transmission lines shall, in addition to the foregoing state their mileage according to the voltage capacity of each line.

40-21-10. Water, gas and pipelines; length of lines in state.
Every water company, gas company and every pipeline company shall show in each statement made by them the following particulars, which are in addition to the foregoing requirements:
(1) The total length of all lines of said company, whether within or outside of the state, the total length of each size pipe and of what material each is constructed;
(2) The total length of so much of each of said lines as are within this state;
(3) The length of each size and kind of lines in each of the counties, cities, towns, school districts, or other tax districts of this state into or through which each size and kind of lines extend, or in which its distribution system, holders, reservoirs, standpipes, drums, tubes, cylinders, meters, services, or other means of storage or distribution are located or used; and
(4) The number of miles of right-of-way in the state belonging to such company and the number of miles of right-of-way along public roads or on government land or on or along the streets of incorporated cities and towns used by such company, showing the number of miles of each class separately and by what authority such use is granted.
40-21-11. Car companies; mileage traveled.
Every sleeping car company, parlor or palace car company, dining car company, chair car company, or equipment company operating cars of any kind for carrying passengers or serving meals over any railroad in this state shall also, in addition to the said foregoing requirements, show by each of its statements:
(1) The total mileage traveled by the cars of said company during the next preceding 12 months, whether within this state or beyond its borders, and
(2) The total mileage traveled by such cars within the state during the same period.

40-21-12. Real estate; generally.
All railroad, electric, hydroelectric, telephone and telegraph companies, and all water, gas, street, and interurban railroad companies and all docks, terminals, toll road, toll bridge, and ferry companies and all other public utility companies must make return of each item of real estate describing by metes and bounds and giving number of acres in each tract or by lot and block number, if in incorporated cities or towns, and of the improvements thereon, and all the buildings and structures, stating material of which constructed, and all machinery, fixtures, and appliances, and all other tangible property and assets owned and assessed, or liable to assessment for the same year, within this state, and the location and assessed value thereof, and the county, city, town, or school district, or other tax district wherein the same are assessed for taxation for state, county, municipal, school, or other tax district purposes, or are liable to assessment, and whether or not they are specifically used in business of the company making the return.

40-21-13. Railroads; lines owned, regardless of location.
Every railroad company shall, in addition to the foregoing requirements, show in each statement made by it the total length of all lines of said company, whether within or outside of this state.

40-21-14. Real estate; description.
The statement of every public utility shall include a brief description of each tract of land and the improvements thereon, and of the buildings, structures, machinery, fixtures, and appliances and all other tangible property and assets having a fixed situs outside of the state, and the location of each item of such property, the purpose for which it is used, whether or not it is specifically used in the business of the company, corporation or association, or individual in whose behalf the report is made, its true and fair value, the sum of the value at which it is assessed for taxation and the locality in which it is assessed.
40-21-15. Express companies; gross receipts.
Every express company shall also, in addition to the foregoing requirements, show:
(1) Its total gross receipts from all business done under its charter, whether within this
state or outside thereof, during the next preceding 12 months;
(2) Its total gross receipts within this state for the same kind of business done during
the same period, including a due proportion of receipts from interstate business; and
(3) Its total gross receipts in each county or town in this state for the same kind of
business done during the same period.

40-21-16. Department of revenue; review of reports.
The Department of Revenue of Alabama shall receive all such statements offered to it
under the provisions of this chapter, shall endorse upon each the date upon which it
was received and sign the endorsement officially. It shall examine the statements as
soon as may be practicable; and, if any of them are found to be insufficient or if said
department shall believe other or further information to be necessary, it shall at once
demand such additional statements and information as it may think proper.

40-21-17. Assessments.
The department shall proceed forthwith to examine the returns made by all persons,
firms, and corporations required by law to make the same and also such information as
the department may have obtained in addition thereto, shall determine the valuation of
the different items of property required to be returned to it and shall assess such
property for taxation at 30 percent of its reasonable value; and, in case no return has
been made by or on behalf of such person, firm, or corporation on or before March 1 in
each year, the department may add to the assessment which it makes against such
person, firm, or corporation a penalty not exceeding 10 percent of the assessment as
made therefor. The assessment herein required to be made shall be completed on or
before July 1, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and reported to the tax assessor of
every county in which any part of said tangible personal property is taxable under the
provisions of this title. The report to the tax assessor shall contain a description of all
property included in the assessment, the assessed value thereof, and an
apportionment of the assessed value of such property to the county, to each
municipality, to each special school district, and other districts levying a district tax
within said county, with the name and residence or place of business of the owner
thereof and all other information necessary to enable the tax assessor to set up such
tax assessment upon the assessment books.

40-21-18. Valuation; determination.
The Department of Revenue shall carefully examine and consider said statements and
information and shall hear evidence and secure further and additional information as
far as may be in its power, whenever it may deem it necessary to do so, to show the
true value of properties of such corporations, associations, companies, and individuals
and the true value of that portion thereof which is situated within this state and within
the respective counties, cities, towns, or other tax districts in this state; and each
interested company, corporation, association, or individual may appear before said
department and introduce material and relevant testimony before the same touching
the true value of said property within this state and the apportionment thereof. From
these statements, evidence and information adduced before it, the Department of
Revenue shall ascertain, fix, and determine the true value of such property and of the
portion thereof which is situated within this state and the respective value of the several
portions within the different counties and cities, towns and school districts, or other tax
districts having a special assessment in this state, in which such portions are taxable;
and for that purpose said department may require and compel by subpoenas to be
issued by it any person or persons, or the officers and agents, or any of them, of any
company, corporation, or association embraced by the provisions of this title to appear
before it with such books, papers, documents, and information as the department may
require and to submit themselves to examination by said department, and it shall have
all the powers with respect thereto conferred upon it by this title.

40-21-19. Valuation; additional information required.
If at any time after March 1 of any year the Department of Revenue shall not have in its
possession satisfactory data upon which to base an estimate of the value of the
property with the assessment of which it is charged or from any other cause it is not
able to make or complete any assessment, it shall have power to call upon any officer
or agent of any person, firm, or corporation, or upon any receiver or trustee in charge of
the property of any person, firm, or corporation for any records, books, or documents of
any description pertaining to the business of any such person, firm, or corporation for
the answers to any interrogatories which it may deem necessary to an intelligent
discharge of its duties; and it shall also have power to require the attendance of any
officer of any corporation or any other person where the testimony of such officer or
person may to it seem material.

40-21-20. Valuation; property considerations.
In arriving at the value of such taxable property, whenever used in this chapter or
whenever required, the Department of Revenue, the tax assessors, deputy tax
assessors, board of equalization, or other assessing authorities and the courts shall be
authorized to consider and may consider original costs, reproduction cost new less
depreciation, recent sales of contiguous or similar property, the nature of the property,
its location, whether in town, city or county, whether it is vacant or occupied, its
proximity to local advantages, its use, its fitness for the use to which employed, or its
fitness for other uses, the quality of soil, its growth of timber, its mines, minerals, coal
beds, oil or gas deposits, the amount and character of improvements thereon, the
amount of insurance carried on each item of property, the gross and net income
received therefrom during the year or years preceding the date of assessment, the
market value of its shares of stock or bonds, or both, if sold in the open market, or if not quoted in the open market, the value thereof, the amount of any bonded indebtedness, loans or mortgages upon it and any and all evidence and information that may be adduced before the assessing authorities or which he or it may procure, shedding light on the value of such property. In assessing any property where such information is obtainable and has or may have any bearing on the values of such property, the tax assessing authorities shall consider the average market or actual value of the stock and bonds of such companies during the preceding year and also shall take into consideration the estimated investment as returned by the duly authorized officer or employee of such company to the Public Service Commission or to the Interstate Commerce Commission, Tennessee Valley Authority, Reconstruction Finance Corporation or Railroad Credit Corporation, or other similar commissions, agencies, or associations of the United States or this state, or value stated in folders, schedules, or prospecti. Any valuation made for rate-making or other purposes of the Public Service Commission of the state, the Interstate Commerce Commission, or other state or governmental bodies shall also be considered.

40-21-21. Valuation; property subject to tax.
There shall be subject to taxation in this state the franchises or intangible property and assets of each and every corporation, whether organized under the laws of this state or of any other state or government, and of each and every individual, association, or partnership, or company engaged as a common carrier, wholly or partly in this state, in the business of transporting freight of any description or passengers, or both, over any railroad, including street railroads, or of operating any cars of any kind over any railroads for the transportation of passengers or of property of any kind for others or for the public, including sleeping cars, parlor or palace cars, chair cars, equipment cars of any kind, or engaged in the business of maintaining or operating for gain any telegraph or telephone lines, plant or business, or any plant or business for the production, transportation, piping, distribution, or sale of natural gas, manufacture, distribution, or sale of gas, by or through pipes, drums, tubes, cylinders, or other containers or conveyances, or for manufacture, distribution, or sale of electricity, electric light, electric power, water, steam heat, and refrigerated air, or other similar substance, including the piping of oil or gasoline, by means of wires, pipes, or conduits constructed, operated, or maintained on, over, under, or through any territory or any street, alley, or highway in this state, or in the business of operating for gain any dockage, wharfage, canal, freight, or passenger depots, boats, barges, station, or terminals, toll bridges, and toll ferries, or engaged in any business which may be dependent upon the grant of public powers or privileges, or which may involve the operation of any public utility; and of each and every individual, association, partnership, company, or corporation which has and exercises, under authority granted by charter, statute, or other provision of law, whether of this state or any political subdivision thereof, or of any other state or government, any special or exclusive privilege, franchise, or function which is or may be dependent upon the grant of public power or privilege, or which involves the operation of any public utility.
40-21-22. Valuation; deductions for out of state property.
Where the person, association, company, or corporation operates a water system, express business, electric property, toll bridge, toll ferry, street, or interurban railroad or railroad or car line of any kind, telegraph or telephone line, pipeline, gas line, or gas distributing system of any kind, docks or terminal companies or other public utilities, the lines or properties of which extend beyond the state, there shall also be deducted from the true value of the entire property, tangible and intangible, ascertained as above provided, the market or true value ascertained from the information furnished by said statements, if the value thereof is given in said statements, of all real and personal property of said person, association, company, or corporation not specifically used in its business, and the remainder shall be treated as the true value of all its property, tangible and intangible, actually used in its business. The Department of Revenue shall then ascertain and fix the value of the total property, tangible and intangible, in this state by taking such proportion of the value of the entire property, tangible and intangible, of such persons, association, company, or corporation which is specifically used in its business, ascertained as provided by this chapter, as its total lines or business within this state bear to the total lines or business both inside and outside this state, or as its total receipts from within this state bear to its total receipts from both within and without the state. From the entire value of the property within this state, tangible and intangible, when ascertained as above provided, there shall be deducted the total value of the entire real and personal property of said person, association, company, or corporation in this state, and 30 percent of the residue and remainder of value shall be by the said Department of Revenue fixed and determined as the true value for taxation of the franchise or intangible property of such person, association, company, or corporation so operating said water system, express business, electric property, toll bridge, toll ferry, street or interurban railway, railroad, car line, telegraph line, telephone line, pipeline, gas line, or gas distributing properties, docks or terminal companies, or other public utilities made subject to taxation by the provisions of this title.

40-21-23. Valuation; notice to taxpayer.
After computing the valuation of the tangible and intangible property of a public utility taxpayer, the Department of Revenue shall notify the taxpayer and assess such value in accordance with the procedures set forth in Chapter 2A of this Title 40.

40-21-24.
40-21-25. Deductions; generally.
From 30 percent of the value of said entire property, tangible and intangible, thus ascertained, there shall be deducted the assessed value of the entire tangible real and personal property of such persons, association, company, or corporation, and the remainder of the true value shall by said Department of Revenue be fixed and determined as the true value for taxation of the franchise, or intangible properties owned and held by said persons, association, company, or corporation and made subject to taxation by the provisions of this title, where the business and property of such persons, association, company or corporation is within this state.

40-21-26. Intangible property; taxation.
Every individual, association, partnership, company, and corporation engaged in any business embraced or set out in the preceding sections shall, in addition to the ad valorem taxes on the tangible property which are now imposed upon them by law, annually pay to the state a tax for each year on their franchises or intangible property and assets and shall pay local taxes thereon to each county and municipal corporation, school district and other tax district in which their business is or shall hereafter be carried on. Said tax shall be at the same rate as the tax on tangible property, shall be and become due and delinquent at the same time as the taxes on tangible property, shall be payable and collected in the same manner and shall be assessed and levied in the manner herein provided. The place or places where such local taxes on such property are to be paid and the manner of the apportionment of the same in cases where more than one jurisdiction is entitled to a share of such tax shall be determined and the valuation of such property for taxation shall be ascertained in accordance with the provisions of this title.

40-21-27. Intangible property; value apportionment.
The Department of Revenue shall apportion the value of such franchise or intangible property thus ascertained as in this title provided among and between the counties and cities, towns, school districts, or other tax districts having a special assessment, in which such person, association, company, or corporation does business, in proportion to the amount of business done in and receipts derived from each locality, except in case of a railroad or railway company, which apportionment shall be on single track main line basis, telephone or telegraph companies and electric power companies on pole or wire mileage, pipelines and car companies other than express companies on mileage basis.
The said property shall thereupon be entered by the county tax assessor and the local authorities of such city or town for taxation in like manner as other property and shall be taxed, and the taxes thereon shall be collected as in the case of other property.

40-21-29. Intangible property; stock.  
So long as any corporation, company or association shall pay all ad valorem taxes on said intangible property required by law, the individual stockholders thereof shall not be required to list their shares of stock for taxation or to pay ad valorem taxes on said shares.

40-21-30. Intangible property; description.  
In any assessment by a state, county, or municipal authority of the franchise or intangible property of any person, association, company, or corporation subject to the provisions of this title, it shall be sufficient to describe the franchise or intangible property herein made subject to taxation on the assessment books or rolls as intangible property in (here give name of county, city, town, school district or other tax district) of the franchise or intangible tax of (here give name of owner of such franchise or intangible property).

40-21-31.  

40-21-32. Failure to make returns.  
If any person, association, company or corporation embraced within the provisions of this chapter shall fail to make the returns and statements, or any of them, required by the provisions of this chapter, or to furnish any other information lawfully required of it within the time limited, the department of revenue must procure the necessary information from some other sources upon which to base an ascertainment of the values of the tangible and intangible property or franchise of such person, association of persons, company, or corporation, and shall proceed to ascertain the value of such property.

40-21-33. Bankruptcy.  
If the property of any person, association, company, or corporation shall be in the hands of any receiver, assignee, trustee in bankruptcy or other person holding under any court, or for the benefit of any creditor or creditors, then the statements, reports, information, books, and papers aforesaid shall be furnished by said receiver, assignee, trustee or other person, or by some officer or agent acting under him, in the same manner and to the same extent as is hereinbefore provided in cases where the individual or the corporation, company or association is in possession.
40-21-34. Entry of assessment.
   (a) The Department of Revenue, after having first determined and fixed the true value of any property within this state of individuals, companies, corporations, and associations embraced within and in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, shall annually on or before July 1, or as soon thereafter as practicable, report to the tax assessor of every county and to the proper local authorities of each municipality in this state in which any part of said property is taxable hereunder, giving a general description of the property, the value of such property apportioned to said county and to said municipality, school district, or other district having a special assessment and the name and residence or place of business of the owner and all other necessary particulars.
   (b) The assessor must enter in the book of assessments, in addition to the assessment of other real estate or personal property to be assessed as other taxable property owned by private citizens of his county, the property with description and value as reported to him by the Department of Revenue.
   (c) The Department of Revenue shall also send to the owner or operator of such property so assessed a copy of its notification to the tax assessor touching assessment.